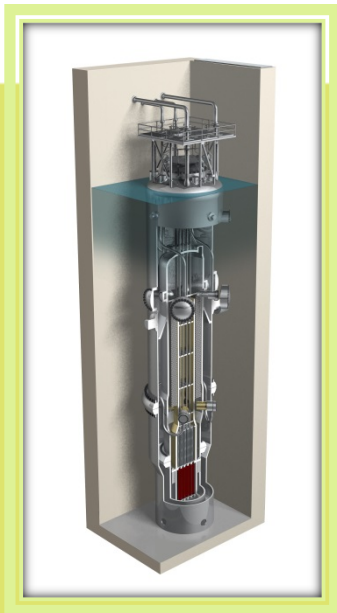
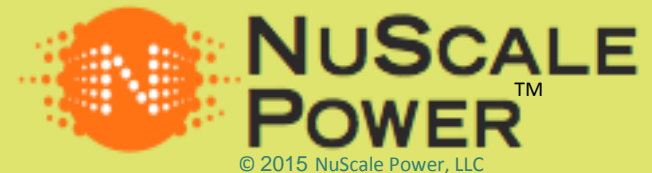


NuScale Plant Market Competitiveness & Financeability



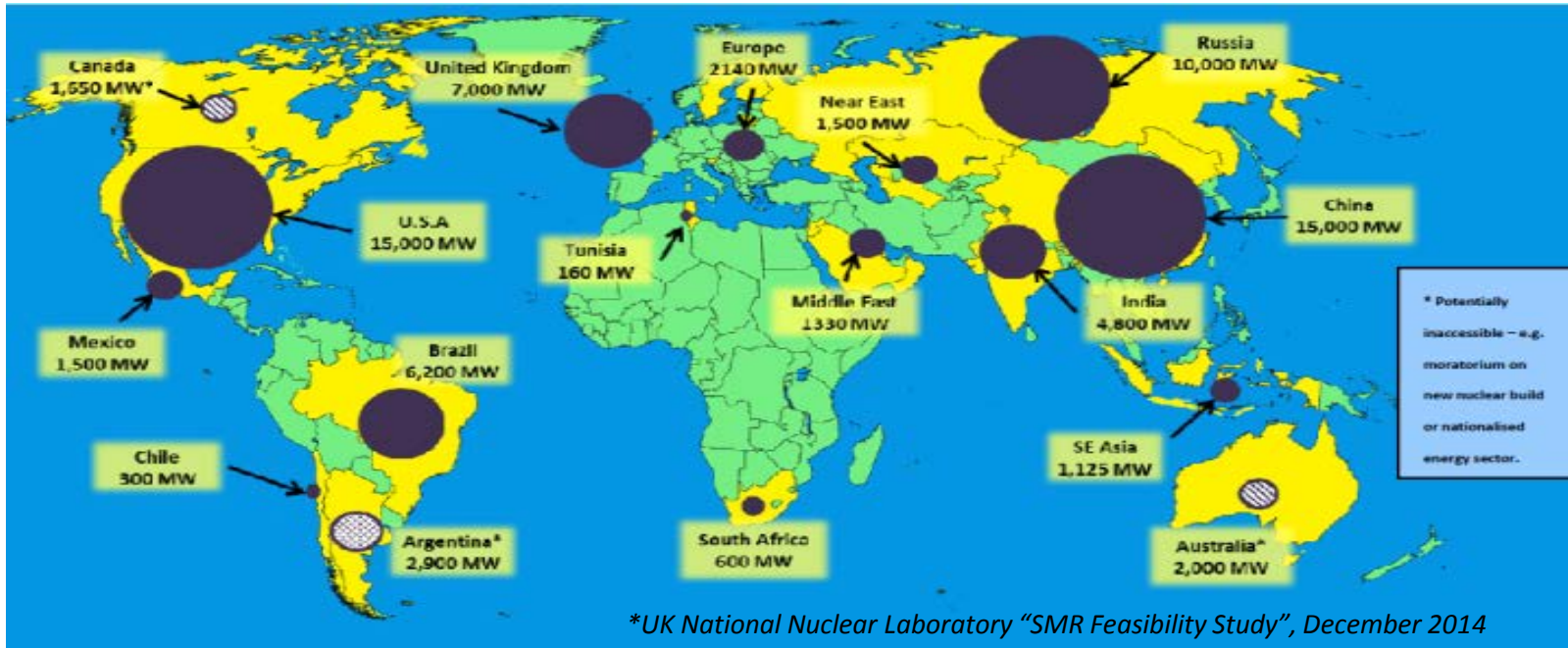
Jay Surina
Chief Financial Officer

NuScale Exposition
August 20-21, 2015



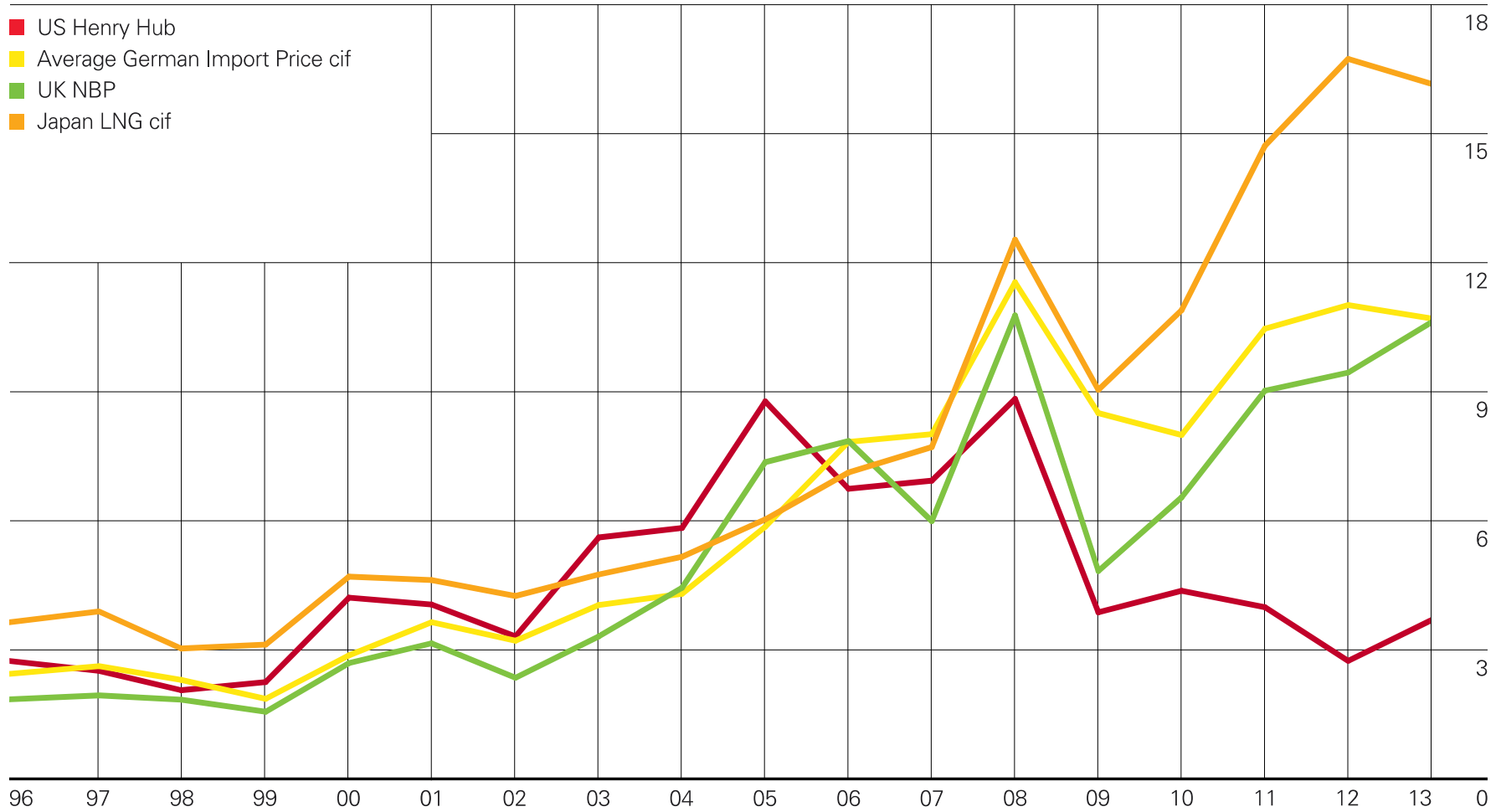
SMR Market Potential

- UK NNL* calculated the potential SMR market to be approximately 65-85GW by 2035, 55-75 GW excluding Russia



- This is equivalent to 1100 – 1500 NuScale Power Modules (NPMs)
- At 25% market share, and 10 year deployment timeframe, 28–38 NPM / year
- At 36 NPM / year, approximately 1000 workers dedicated to machining, assembling and testing NPMs

SMR Market Potential



Source: BP Statistical View of World Energy 2014



- EPA issued its proposed Clean Power Plan to regulate CO2 emissions from existing power plants under section 111(d) of the Clean Air Act
- The CPP issued varying, state-specific targets; rule is not prescriptive about how to meet the targets
- The CPP is tough on coal plants, the largest and highest rate emitters, and many will have to close
- CPP 2022-2029 “glide path” matches well with NuScale first deployment in 2023
- Base load power will have to come from nuclear power, CCGT or renewables + storage
 - ❑ Renewables + storage is currently too expensive to be used for base load demand
 - ❑ Utilities will resist becoming overly dependent on natural gas as a fuel source
- 32% reduction in GHG from affected EGUs is ~100 GW of coal which could be replaced by a combination of renewables, energy efficiency and nuclear.
 - ❑ 100 GW represents 2000 NuScale Power Modules or 175 570 MWe plants
 - ❑ UK NNL forecast for US is 15 GW of SMR deployment by 2035

SMR Designs Under Development

Technology	PWR	HTR	LMR	Thorium
US	NuScale mPower W-SMR SMR-160 (Holtec) RADIX	GT-MHR	ARC-100 PRISM (GE)	
China	ACP-100 NHR200	HTR-PM		
Russia	VBER-300 KLT-40S ABV BREST-OD-300 RITM-200		SVBR-100	
India				
Japan				
South Korea	SMART			
Argentina	CAREM			
			Toshiba-4S	

1: Technologies viewed as less developed and therefore not a significant threat in 2020-2035 time frame

3: Despite having indigenous programs, track record of interest in US nuclear technology (AP1000) and current discussion both indicate a market open to US SMR technology

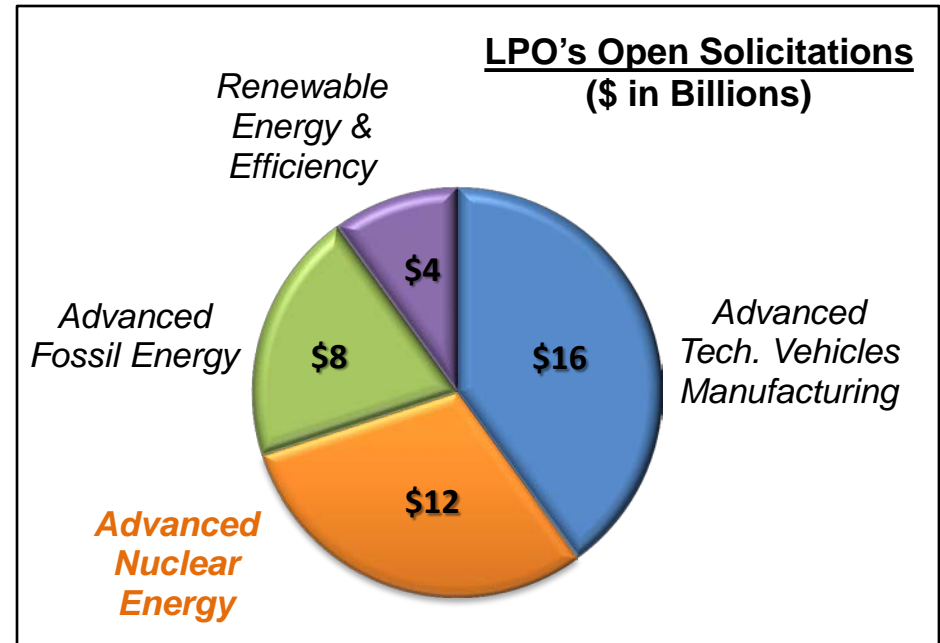
2: Countries with indigenous PWR-based SMR technology – assume no sales here

Bold indicates programs considered most advanced by UxC

Source: UxC SMR Market Outlook, March 2013:

Notes: Only programs listed as Under Development, Under Construction, Licensing Stage, or Licensed are shown. The Brazil FBNR is considered to be a “conceptual design” and is not represented here. India has several <200MW plants operating but UxC does not consider these to be modular in design.

- DOE's 'Loan Programs Office' (LPO) has **\$12 billion in loan guarantee authority available** for Advanced Nuclear Energy, including:
 - **Small modular reactors (i.e. NuScale)**
 - New nuclear reactors
 - Capacity upgrades at existing nuclear plants
 - Uranium enrichment facilities
- Application deadlines on a rolling six-month basis (next deadline is September, 2015)
- Separate from the \$12 billion in guarantees available, LPO has already guaranteed \$8.3 billion for the **Vogtle project – its first advanced nuclear energy deal – helping to revive construction of nuclear power plants** in the U.S. and around the world. The Vogtle Project is owned by a diverse group of entities:
 - Georgia Power (*Investor owned*)
 - Oglethorpe Power Corporation (*Cooperative*)
 - Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia (*Joint Action Agency*)
 - Dalton Utilities (*Municipal*)



Construction Cost Summary

Overall EPC Overnight Plant Costs (\$1,000,000)

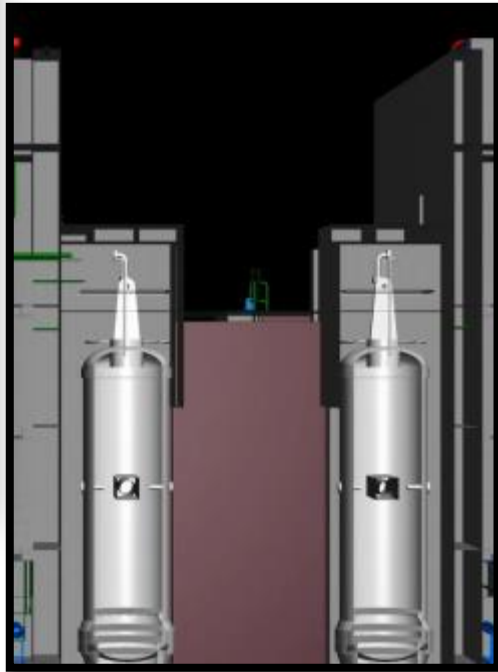
ITEM	2014 Dollars
Power Modules (FOAK Cost plus Fee, Transportation, & Site Assembly)	\$ 848
Home Office Engineering and Support	\$ 144
Site Infrastructure	\$ 60
Nuclear Island (RXB, RWB, MCR)	\$ 538
Turbine Island (2 buildings with 6 turbines each)	\$ 350
Balance of Plant (annex, cooling towers, etc)	\$ 225
Distributables (Temp. Bldgs., Field Staff, Const. Equip., etc.)	\$ 545
Other Costs	\$ 185
Total Overnight Price	\$ 2,895

\$ 5,078 per kWe net

Note: Delivered costs shown are in 2014 \$'s.

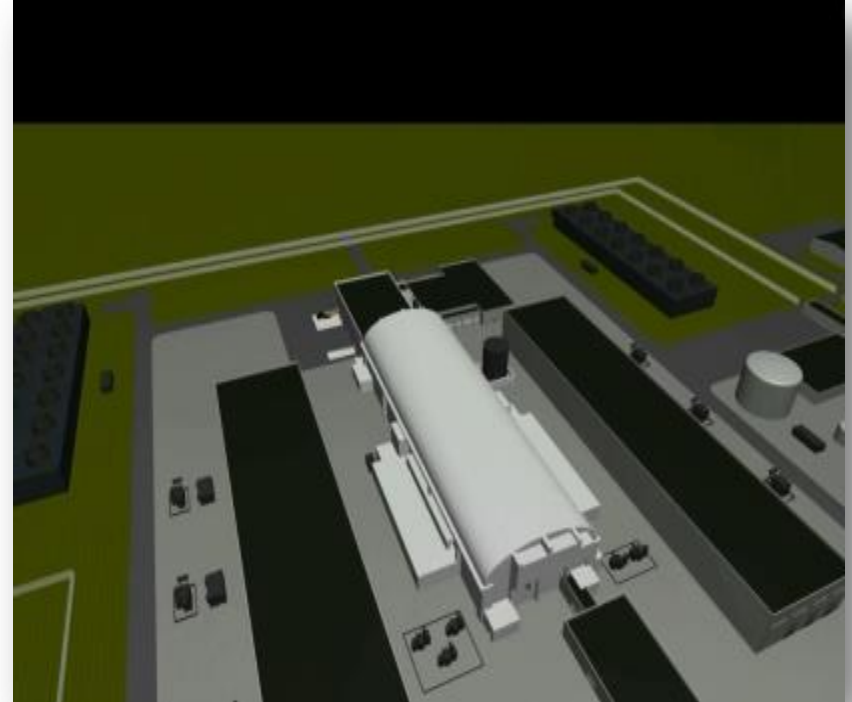
- ~10,000 man hour effort over 6 months.
- Detailed equipment lists to individual valves and instruments.
- Takeoffs developed for all piping, duct, wire, excavation, civil/structural materials, and architectural items.
- Total equipment and commodity input over 14k line items.
- All equipment tagged with building, system, unit, and safety classification.
- Updated construction plan with estimate input.
- 84% of equipment pricing based on budgetary quotes.





- Module costs estimating cost to fabricate/purchase each individual component.
 - ✓ Over 75 unique components.
 - ✓ Cladding, welding, bolting, and gasket material and labor individually estimated.
 - ✓ Vendor quotes obtained for forgings, valves, instruments, pressurizer heaters.
- Machining, fabrication, assembly performed in a dedicated facility.
- Fabrication shop direct/indirect labor informed by a large U.S. nuclear fabricator.
- Monte Carlo analysis performed for contingency to achieve P80 confidence.

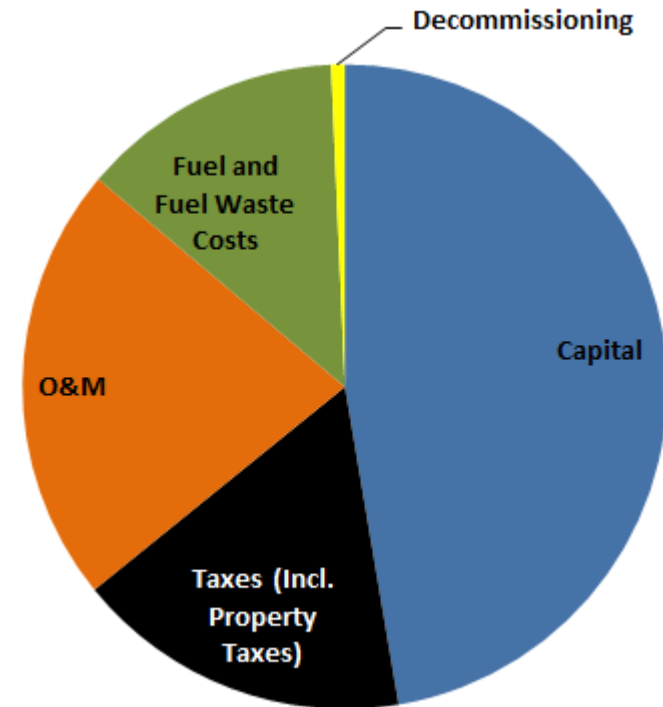
- Generic southeastern USA site.
- Labor hours based on Fluor standard unit rates with productivity adjustments.
- Labor rates based on existing Fluor project.
- Indirect costs based on staffing plan, construction schedule, and temporary facility plan. Bottoms up indirect cost estimate.
- Schedule based on 51 months mobilization to mechanical completion. 28.5 month critical path - first safety concrete to mechanical completion.
- Class 4 estimate per AACE with an expected accuracy range of +35%/-10%.
- Owners cost, estimated at \$300 mm, not included in EPC estimate. Estimates for transmission, admin building, licensing, etc. carried in LCOE costs.



NuScale LCOE results of \$98-\$108/MWhr (2015 \$'s)

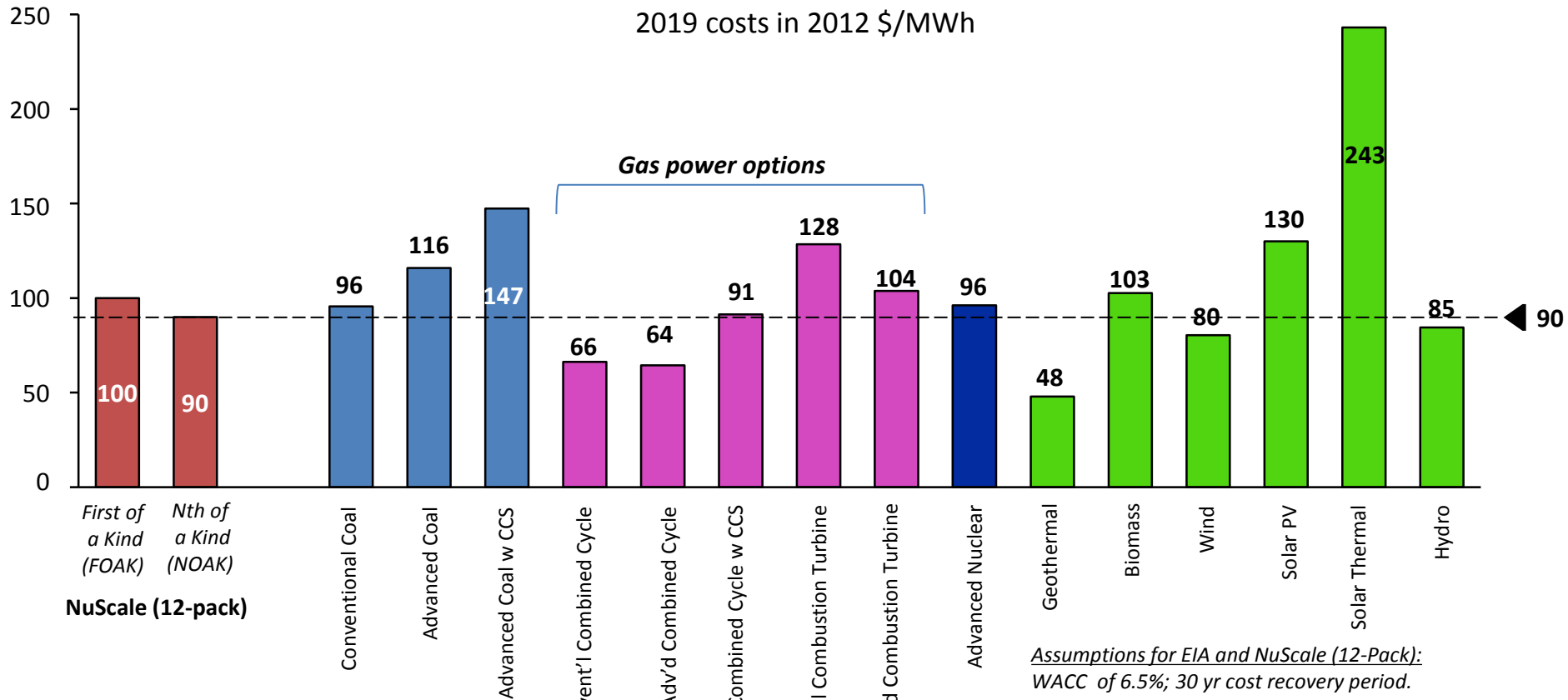
Key Assumptions:

- Financing is 55% debt (@5.5%) and 45% equity (@10.0%).
- Modeled as a 40 year project life, but the plant is designed for 60 years
- Excludes owner's costs such as:
 - HR and management infrastructure, central office
 - COLA, permits, NRC and ITAAC inspections, and legal fees
 - Switchyard
 - Owner's project development costs
 - Owner's engineering services (post-COLA)
 - Owner contingency
- Including an estimate of owners costs would add ~ \$6/MWhr



Estimated Average US Levelized Cost of New Generation Resources

2019 costs in 2012 \$/MWh



*Assumptions for EIA and NuScale (12-Pack):
WACC of 6.5%; 30 yr cost recovery period.*

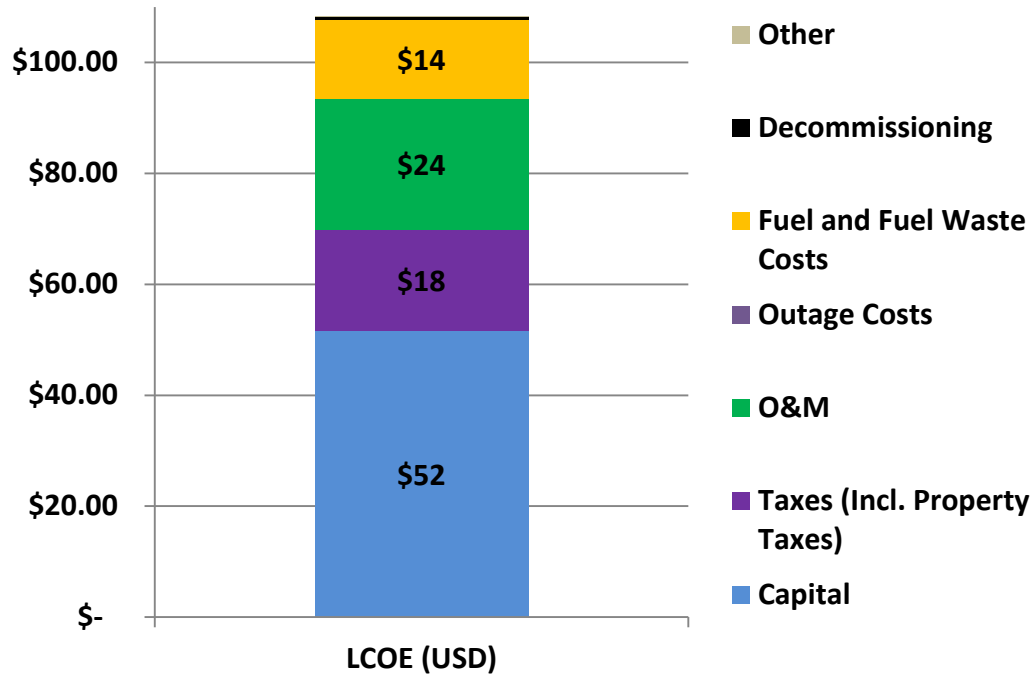
NuScale FOAK (12-Pack) LCOE of \$100/MWh includes owner's cost of \$5.10/MWh. NuScale NOAK (12-Pack) LCOE of \$90/MWh includes Owner's Cost of \$5.10/MWh. For all other technologies, EIA included transmission investment from \$1.10/MWh (Advanced Nuclear) to \$6.00/MWh (Solar Thermal). NuScale included \$1.10/MWh for transmission investment in the FOAK and NOAK LCOE values.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Levelized Cost and Levelized Avoided Cost of New Generation Resources in the Annual Energy Outlook 2014, April 2014, except NuScale (12-pack); NuScale LCOE Model

LCOE Breakdown



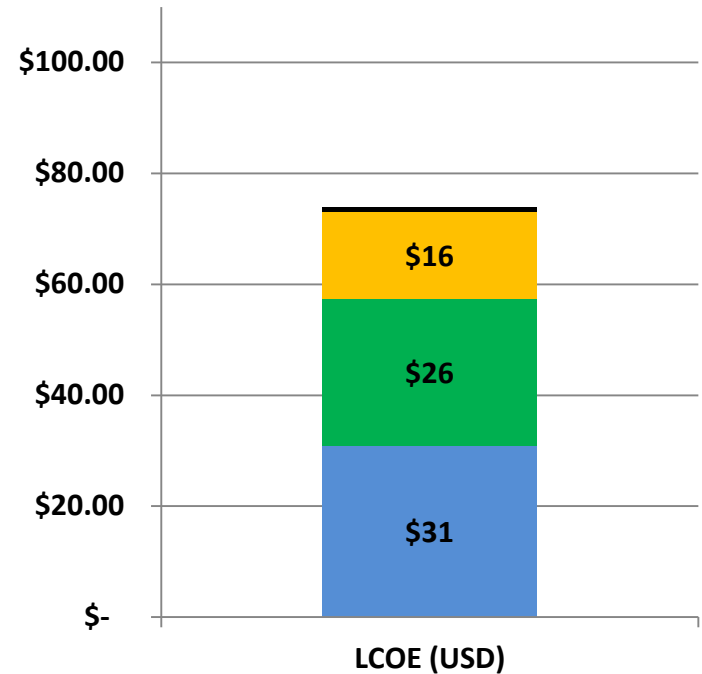
Levelized Cost in 2015 US Dollars



FOAK with Regulated Utility Financing (IOU)

- 55% debt at 5.5%, 45% equity at 10%

\$ 108 USD



FOAK with Municipal Financing

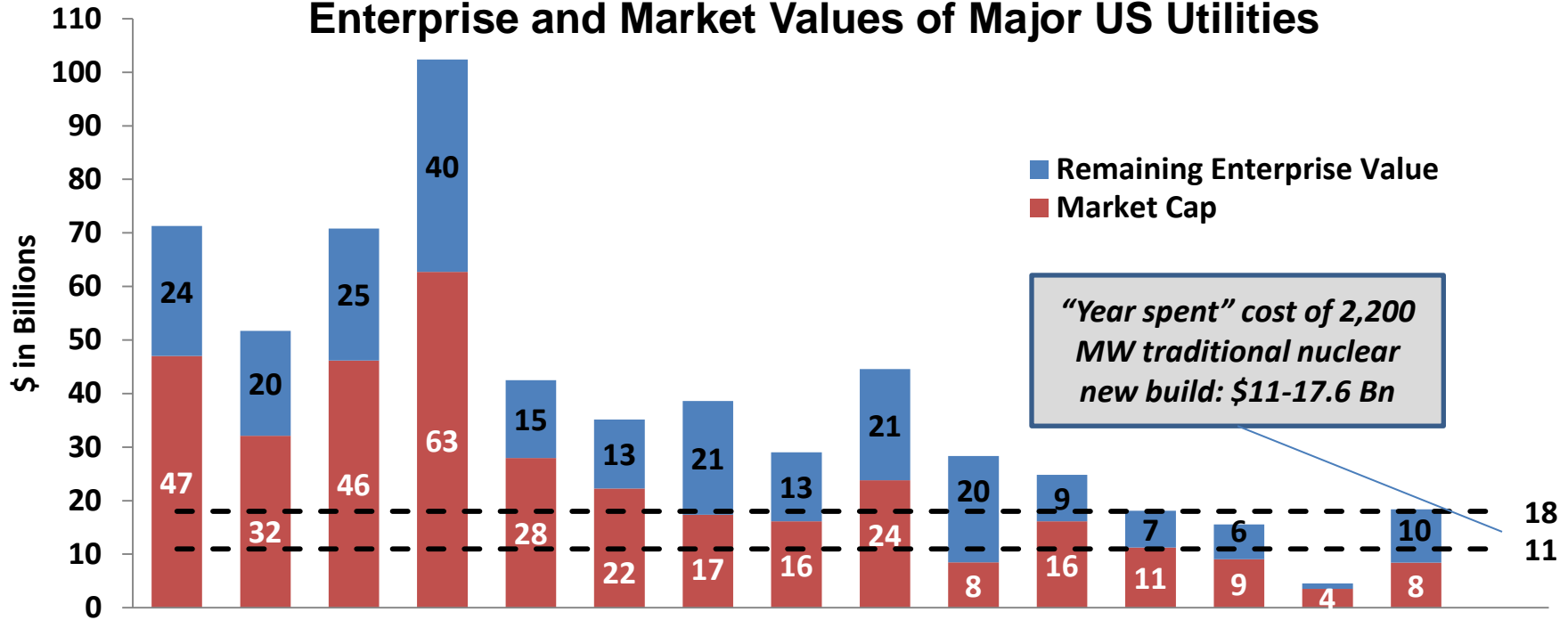
- 100% debt at 3.5%, no equity

\$ 74 USD

Note: Capital costs reflect the Fluor SE estimate completed in 2014.

Reduced Financial Risks

Enterprise and Market Values of Major US Utilities



Utility	SO	EXC	D	DUK	PCG	EIX	FE	ETR	PPL	NRG	DTE	AEE	SCG	DYN	CPN
% of operating capacity from Nuclear	10	55	22	17	31	0 ¹	22	30	11	0 ²	10	8	16	0	0
New nuclear units planned or under construction	2	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0

Source: Capital IQ; data for 1/23/2015; Platts; AlixPartners and NuScale Analysis

Note: SO Southern; EXC Exelon; D Dominion; DUK Duke; PCG PG&E Corp.; EIX Edison Int'l; FE FirstEnergy; ETR Entergy; PPL PPL Corp.; NRG NRG Energy; DTE DTE Energy; AEE Ameren; SCG Scana Corp; DYN Dynegy; CPN Calpine; nuclear capacity data based on plants shown as on operating status in Platts; "Year spent" estimate for traditional nuclear plant based on JP Morgan and other sources

1 Edison, through Southern California Edison owns the San Onofre, CA nuclear plant. All units have been permanently retired

2 As part of a joint venture with Austin Energy and CPS, NRG operators 4 nuclear units at the South Texas plant generating 2.8 GW of capacity

Jay Surina
Chief Financial Officer

jsurina@nuscaldpower.com

www.nuscaldpower.com



The Element of Nu



N **U** **E** **X**
2015

N U S C A L E E X P O